DRŽAVNO NATJECANJE IZ ENGLESKOG JEZIKA

za 8. razred osnovne škole

LISTA C (školovani na engleskom jeziku dulje od jedne školske godine)

ŠKOLSKA GODINA 2011. / 2012.

Zaporka:	
	(dobivena riječ)
PRVI DIO TEST	Γ <u>Α</u> :
Sastavak:	/ 25 bodova
Državno povjerenstvo:	
1	
2	Predsjednik Državnog povjerenstva:
3	

Task 1 – WRITING

Write an essay about your favourite teacher. The essay should be about 150 words long. Do not forget to use formal English! Organise your writing in paragraphs.

Some hints what to write about:

- description of her/his physical appearance and personality
- her/his method of teaching; activities that you do in the class
- attitude towards the students
- atmosphere and discipline in the class
- why is she/he your favourite teacher
- situations where she/he proved to be a good teacher

	 	 	

-
-

(25 points)

DRŽAVNO NATJECANJE IZ ENGLESKOG JEZIKA

za 8. razred osnovne škole

LISTA C (školovani na engleskom jeziku dulje od jedne školske godine)

ŠKOLSKA GODINA 2011./2012.

Zaporka.	(dobivena riječ)
Zaporka:	

DRUGI DIO TESTA:

Slušanje s razumijevanjem: 5 bodova

Čitanje s razumijevanjem: 7 bodova

Uporaba jezika: 38 bodova

Task 2 - LISTENING COMPREHENSION

You will hear a text about the history of chocolate. Read the statements that follow. Listen to the text very carefully. Choose the correct answer: **A**, **B**, **C** or **D**. You will listen to the text twice.

(1) The first cocoa beans came to Europe

- **A** in the 15th century.
- **B** in the 16th century.
- **C** in the 17th century.
- **D** 2 600 years ago.

(2) Which statement about the American Indians is not true?

- A One of their beliefs is that gods gave them the cocoa drink.
- **B** Instead of sugar, they put spices, vanilla and chilli peppers into the chocolate drink.
- C They believed that you could fight evil spirits if you drank it.
- **D** They often used to pay with cocoa beans, instead of money.

(3) Conrad van Houten

- A added sugar and made the chocolate drink more popular.
- **B** made the first modern chocolate bar in 1849.
- C used chocolate in pastries like pies and cakes.
- **D** changed the taste of chocolate.

(4) If you eat small quantities of dark chocolate regularly,

- A you can get a heart disease.
- **B** you can gain weight and damage your health.
- C you may improve your health.
- **D** your brain will receive more oxygen.

(5) Which of the following statements is not true?

- **A** The Italians eat more chocolate than the Americans.
- **B** The British eat twice as much chocolate per person annually than the Americans.
- C The Ivory Coast, Ghana and Brazil export cocoa.
- **D** Some animals can die if they eat chocolate.

(5 points)

Task 3 – READING COMPREHENSION

You are going to read an article about Robin Hood. Eight sentences have been removed from the article. Choose from the sentences A-K the one which fits each gap (1-7). There are two extra sentences which you do not need to use. There is an example at the beginning (0). Write the <u>correct letter</u> on the Answer sheet.

Who was Robin Hood?
Stories and rhymes about a band of robbers led by a man called Robin Hood have been
popular for over 600 years. Five hundred years ago, a man called Wynken de Worde
collected the rhymes together and printed a book about Robin Hood's life. Since then,
thousands of other books have been based on the rhymes - as well as television
programmes, films and computer games. (0) <u>B</u>
The Robin Hood stories were certainly very popular with King Henry VIII, who ruled
England at the start of the 16th century. Henry was a child when the stories first appeared in
print, but they fascinated him for the rest of his life. (1)
After all this time it is hard to tell how the stories began. Some people think that Robin
Hood is a fictional character; others think he really lived, and they argue about which part of
England he was from.
(2) The idea that they were stealing from rich folk to give to the poor has
saved them from being branded as villains. They certainly chose their victims carefully,
sparing the poor and picking on those who were wealthy and proud.
(3) That is someone who has to do fetching and carrying work, and the idea
fits in badly with all the other stories about his life and character. Enthusiasts prefer to
believe that he spent the whole of his life in the woods. They say that most of the stories
about him are perfectly true - but not this particular episode. (4) On the other
hand, they cannot explain why anyone would ever invent such a story, which ruins the
whole Robin Hood romance.
(5) They have studied Edward II's accounts, which show the wages he paid to
his workers - including a porter called Robin Hood. In November 1324, Hood received his
final payment: 'five shillings because he could no longer work'. (6) If so,
Robin Hood was a genuine outlaw who lived in the reign of Edward II. His career of crime
was apparently brought to a sudden end when he was captured and made to work as a
servant. (7)

- A Historians have tried to check the facts by looking for clues in all sorts of places.
- **B** All these things have spread his fame throughout the world.
- C One story says that Hood was captured and made to work as a porter at the court of King Edward II.
- **D** According to the stories, Robin Hood and his men were thieves who pounced on wealthy travellers in lonely woods.
- E They prefer the idea of a Robin Hood who was free and defiant from birth until death.
- **F** Even as a child Robin probably played with a bow and arrow, pretending to fight bullies and save ladies in distress.
- **G** We cannot be sure that this is the famous Robin Hood but it seems very likely.
- **H** As a man he sometimes wore Robin Hood costumes for dances and May Day celebrations.
- I Finally pensioned off in old age, his life did not quite match up to the stories!
- **K** Yet, almost always, Maid Marion is Robin Hood's true love and, according to the local legend, they remained together for the rest of their lives.

(7 points)

Tasks 4 - 9 - ENGLISH IN USE

Task 4 - Open cloze.

Read the text below and think of the word which best fits each space.

Use <u>only one word</u> in each space. There is an example at the beginning (0).

Perfect fish and chips
You can find (0) many fish and chip shops in England, but (1), if any, are as
popular as the one in Eastleigh, not far from Southampton. From the time it opens at 5
o'clock until closing time at 9, there is an almost constant queue.
According to the owners, Les and Shirley Armstrong, there are four areas that must be
perfect in (2) to achieve great fish and chips. First, of (3),
you need the fish. The Armstrongs do not use fresh cod, which Les says goes soft and
mushy. Instead, they buy frozen Icelandic cod, which is filleted and frozen within three
hours of (4) caught. When you fry it, it stays firm and comes apart in lovely
white flakes. Next on the list are the potatoes. If you want to make perfect chips, Les
suggests you should buy potatoes with a low sugar content; too much sugar and you end up
with greasy, brown chips.
Then there is the batter, a mixture of flour, eggs and milk which is used to cover the fish
before frying it. The Armstrongs dip their fish in a combination of two types of batter;
(5) contains hard flour, the other soft. Finally, you need a good beef fat, or
'dripping'; Les and Shirley fry their fish and chips separately in a high-quality deodorized
dripping that cannot (6)smelt in the shop.
(6 points)
Task 5 - Put the following sentences into <u>indirect speech</u> . Make sure that the second
sentence has the same meaning as the first one, i.e. that it can stand on its own as a complete sentence.
(1) "How hard did Thomas strike the ball?"
I'd like to know
(2) "Jane, do you intend to come to the party? "
He wants to know
(3) "I've applied, but I'm wondering if I want the job."
Tracy says

Task 6 - Word transformation - Read the text and use the word given in **bold** at the end of each line to form a word that fits in the gap in the same line. There is an example at the beginning **(0).**

A changed person	
I don't see my teenage godson as (0) <u>frequently</u> as I did in the past	(0) FREQUENT
and when I visited him and his family today I was (1)	(1) PLEASE
surprised. He's changed (2) since the last time I saw him.	(2) SIGNIFY
Whereas he used to be such a horrible (3) little boy, now	(3) OBEY
he is extremely well-behaved and a (4) to be with. He	(4) PLEASE
seems to attach more (5) now to what others might be	(5) IMPORTANT
thinking of him and he takes more care over his appearance. He has	
developed greater (6) in himself and his own judgement	(6) CONFIDE
and he puts up stiff (7) to his parents' advice and	(7) RESIST
decisions if he feels they are wrong. (8) he is beginning	(8) APPEAR
to take an interest in girls and his mum tells me he's got a girlfriend.	
These, it seems, are his first steps towards (9) and it won't	(9) DEPEND
be very many years before he leaves home.	
	(9 points)
Task 7 - Sentence transformation . Complete the second sentence so that possible in meaning to the first sentence using the given word. Do not char word. Use between THREE and FIVE words, including the given word. The example at the beginning (0) . Copy only the transformed part on the Answer.	nge the given nere is an
(1) Could you turn up the volume a little bit? (mind)	
Would volume a little bi	it?
(2) It's useless to call the bank now as it's 8 pm. (point)	
There the bank now as it	's 8 pm.
(3) You can borrow my car but you must bring it back tomorrow morning.	(unless)
You can't borrow my carton	morrow morning.
(4) Sue got a place at Harvard, which was what she'd always wanted. (dr	eam)
Getting a place at Harvard was	for Sue.
(5) I'm not sure how much longer I can remain patient with Sophie. (run)	
I am really starting with	Sophie.
	(5 points)

Task 8 – Complete the text with an appropriate tense of the verbs given. Decide whether **active or passive** forms are needed. Sometimes the verbs need <u>a negative form</u> as well. There is an example at the beginning **(0)**.

catch	commit	do	drive	hear	hurt	know	rob	show	steal	wait
Earlier	this mornin	ο I (0) was we	iting no	ocafully :	ot the bus	stop le	afing thr	ough the	goggin
	ne. Just a fe				-		_	_	_	
	2)									
	and as I (3) so, a car, which (4) by a third man, pulled up outside. The other two jumped in and they all drove off.									
	ently, quite a	-			•	-				but
	tely, no one								Ź	
								s of the n	nen	
										v for
	that the poli									
danger	ous world w	e are	living in.	Are you	aware th	nat thousa	nds of	crimes		
(10) _				ever	y day?					
									(10 ₁	points)
Task 9	- The Colo	nure of	f Fnalich	Comple	ete the se	entences w	vith the	correct co	olour Th	nere is
	nple at the b		_	-						
(()) I w	ac graan wi	th ensy	w when I	heard th	at che w	ould be ac	sing to l	London f	or a mont	th
(0) I was <u>green</u> with envy when I heard that she would be going to London for a month while I had to stay and work.										
		•		no's norr	, flat					
	thought yo					. 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	u1		1.	
	I don't, but			•					lie.	
(2) I us	ed to go to	the cir	nema quit	te a lot bu	ut there's	not so m	uch I w	ant to see	these da	ıys.
I or	nly go once	in a _			_ moon n	low.				
(3) A: 1	How can yo	u be s	ure it's B	ob who's	been ste	aling the	CDs?			
B:]	Linda saw h	im pu	tting ther	n in his t	oag durin	g the lund	ch breal	k. He was	caught	
-			handed.							
(4) He'	s been feeli	ng		a	ll week.	His wife l	eft him	and he lo	ost his jol	b
so l	ne is really o	depres	sed.							
(5) You	ı're so		•	Running	away lil	te that sho	ows tha	t you are	a real cov	ward.
									(5 <u>j</u>	points)

THIS IS THE END OF THE TEST

DRŽAVNO NATJECANJE IZ ENGLESKOG JEZIKA

za 8. razred osnovne škole

LISTA C

(školovani na engleskom jeziku dulje od jedne školske godine)

ŠKOLSKA GODINA 2011. / 2012.

LIST ZA ODGOVORE (ANSWER SHEET)

Zaporka:	(dobivena riječ)
Slušanje s razumijevanjem:	/ 5 bodova
Čitanje s razumijevanjem:	/ 7 bodova
Uporaba jezika:	/ 38 bodova
Sastavak:	/ 25 bodova
Ukupno (pisani dio testa):	/ 75 bodova
ržavno povjerenstvo:	
	Predsjednik Državnog povjerenstva:

Makarska, 14. svibnja 2012.

	TASK 2		TASK 3		TASK 4			
1		1		1				
2		2		2				
3		3		3				
4		4		4				
5		5		5				
Total	1: 5 /	6		6				
		7		Total	: 6 /			
		Total	: 7 /					

	TASK 5						
1							
2							
3							
Tota	Total: 3 /						

	TASK 6							
1		6						
2		7						
3		8						
4		9						
5	5 Total: 9 /							

	TASK 7	
1		
2		
3		
4		
5		
Tota	Total: 5 /	

	TASK 8		
1		6	
2		7	
3		8	
4		9	
5		10	
Tota	Total: 10 /		

	TASK 9	
1		
2		
3		
4		
5		
Tota	Total: 5 /	

ANSWER KEY Državno natjecanje iz engleskog jezika za 8. razred osnovne škole (Lista C), školska godina 2011./2012.

TASK 2		TASK 3		TASK 4	
1	В	1	Н	1	few
2	С	2	D	2	order
3	D	3	С	3	course
4	С	4	Е	4	being
5	A	5	A	5	one
Total: 5		6	G	6	be
		7	I	Total	: 6
		Total	: 7		

TASK 5			
1	how hard Thomas struck the ball.		
2	if/whether Jane intends to come to the party.		
3	(that) she has applied, but she is wondering if she wants the job. (that) she's applied, but she's wondering if she wants the job.		
Total: 3			

	TASK 6			
1	pleasantly	6	confidence	
2	significantly	7	resistance	
3	disobedient	8	apparently	
4	pleasure	9	independence	
5	importance	Total: 9		

ANSWER KEY

Državno natjecanje iz engleskog jezika za 8. razred osnovne škole (Lista C), školska godina 2011./2012.

	TASK 7		
1	you mind turning up the		
2	is no point in calling		
3	unless you bring it back		
4	a dream come true		
5	to run out of patience		
Tota	Total: 5		

TASK 8 * priznaju se duži i kraći oblici			
1	heard	6	was hurt
2	was (being) robbed	7	don't know
3	was doing	8	will be shown / will be showed
4	was driven	9	haven't caught
5	was stolen	10	are committed
Total: 10			

	TASK 9		
1	white		
2	blue		
3	red		
4	blue		
5	yellow		
Tota	Total: 5		